

actually those for 1-methylhistidine, and the entries listed for 1-methylhistidine are those for 3-methylhistidine.

Photodissociation of Toluene Parent Cations [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 472 (1973)]. By ROBERT C. DUNBAR, Department of Chemistry, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio 44106.

The Acknowledgment section of this paper was inadvertently omitted. Acknowledgment is made to the Research Corporation, to the donors of the Petroleum Research Fund, administered by the American Chemical Society, and to the National Science Foundation (Grant No. GP-33521X) for partial support of this research.

Thiadiaziridine 1,1-Dioxides. An Unusually Stable Strained Heterocyclic Ring System [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 634 (1973)]. By J. W. TIMBERLAKE* and M. L. HODGES, Department of Chemistry, Louisiana State University in New Orleans, New Orleans, Louisiana 70122.

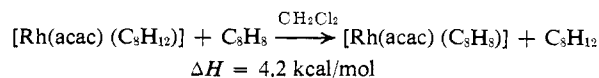
The nmr chemical shifts of **6b** were incorrectly recorded for **4b**. The nmr of bis(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)thiadiaziridine 1,1-dioxide (**4b**) in CCl₄ is a singlet at 1.12 (18 H), a singlet at 1.49 (12 H), and a doublet at 1.76 ppm (4 H). The melting point of **4a** is 35.5–36° and that of **4b** is 49–49.5°.

Absorption and Exciplex Emission Spectra of the Naphthalene–Anthracene Sandwich Pair [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 1671 (1973)]. By EDWIN A. CHANDROSS* and ANNE H. SCHIEBEL, Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974.

A similar broad fluorescence has been observed by Jones and Nicol for naphthalene crystals doped with anthracene, when pressure is applied. Mixed excimer fluorescence was also suggested to explain their observations. P. F. Jones and M. Nicol, *J. Chem. Phys.*, **48**, 5440, 5457 (1968).

Heats of Reaction of Triphenyl Phosphite with Some Rhodium–Olefin Compounds [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 2840 (1973)]. By WALTER PARTENHEIMER* and EDGAR F. HOY, Department of Chemistry, Clarkson College of Technology, Potsdam, New York 13676.

Professor R. S. Drago points out that the relationship $\Delta H_{\text{solvent A}} = \Delta H_{\text{solvent B}} + \text{constant}$ (top of page 2843, second column) refers to reactions of the type $A + B \rightarrow C$, not to the type stated in the paper. The following four equations can be rearranged to give



and the corresponding enthalpic value in CCl₄ of 4.5 kcal/mol. Thus the value found in CH₂Cl₂, where specific interactions are expected to occur, is the same as that in CCl₄, where they are not expected to occur.

Mössbauer Study of Stereochemistry Intermediate to Octahedral and Trigonal Prismatic [*J. Amer. Chem.*

Soc., **95**, 3048 (1973)]. By W. M. REIFF, Department of Chemistry, Northeastern University, Boston, Massachusetts 02115.

The figure captions were inadvertently omitted from the published paper. They are given below.

Figure 1. Schematic structural formulas and Mössbauer parameters for some tris diimine ferrous complexes.

Figure 2. Mössbauer spectrum of [Fe(PccBF)]BF₄ at (a) 300 K, $H = 0$; (b) 300 K, $H \approx 18 \text{ kG}$.

Figure 3. Single electron d orbitals in the TAP and TP limits.

Figure 4. Mössbauer spectrum of [Fe(py)₃tren](ClO₄)₂ at 300 K, $H \approx 18 \text{ kG}$.

Transition States in Chromium(VI) Oxidation of Alcohols [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 3394 (1973)]. By H. KWART* and J. H. NICKLE, Department of Chemistry, The University of Delaware, Newark, Delaware 19711.

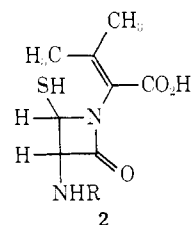
In Table I, all rate constants should be in units of sec⁻¹ instead of min⁻¹ as presently listed. Also the activation energy for deuterated di-*tert*-butylcarbinol should read $E_a = 17.1 \pm 0.1$.

Asymmetric Deuteration at the α Carbon of L-Aspartic Acid via the Template Action of a Dissymmetric Cobalt(III) Complex [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 3431 (1973)]. By WILLIAM E. KEYES and J. IVAN LEGG,* Department of Chemistry, Washington State University, Pullman, Washington 99163.

In Figure 2, D-Asp located at the bottom of the figure under Δ should be replaced by L-Asp.

Incorporation of (2*RS*,3*S*)-[4-¹³C]Valine into Cephalosporin C [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 3797 (1973)]. By NORBERT NEUSS* and C. H. NASH, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, Indiana 46206, J. E. BALDWIN, Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139, P. A. LEMKE, Carnegie-Mellon University, Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213, and J. B. GRUTZNER, Department of Chemistry, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907.

The correct name for the title compound is (2*RS*,3*R*)-[4-¹³C]valine. Also, the structure for compound **2** given in the paper is incorrect. It should be as shown below.



Use of Chiral Isopropyl Groups in Biosynthesis. Synthesis of (2*RS*,3*S*)-[4-¹³C]Valine [*J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 3796 (1973)]. By J. E. BALDWIN,* and J. LÖLIGER, Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139, W.